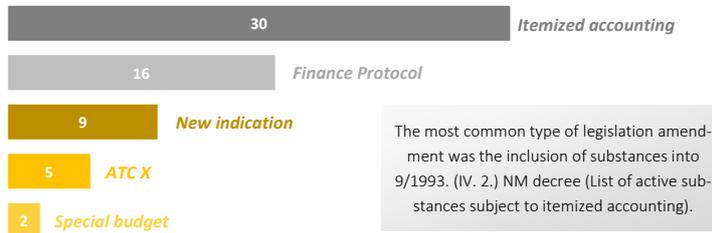
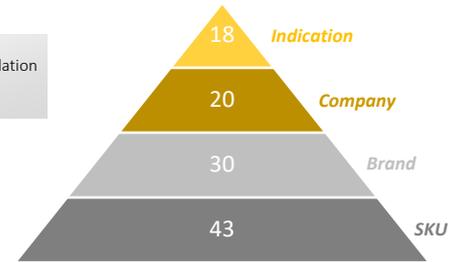


Our special edition focuses on those new, mainly innovative pharmaceutical technologies, which were proposed for legislation amendment by the National Health Insurance Fund of Hungary (NHIFA) to the Ministry of Health (MoH¹) on 11 September, 2020. In case of those pharmaceuticals, where the amendment of legislation is necessary, NHIFA cannot decide on their own. Submissions are sent to the MoH¹ intermittently, where the final decisions are made.

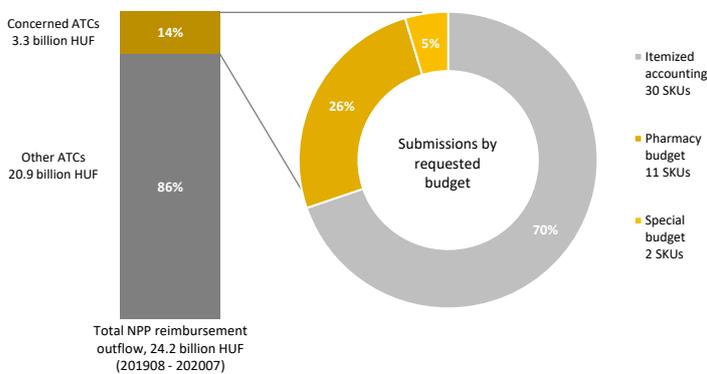
Submissions by type of legislation amendment²



43 SKUs were proposed to legislation amendment



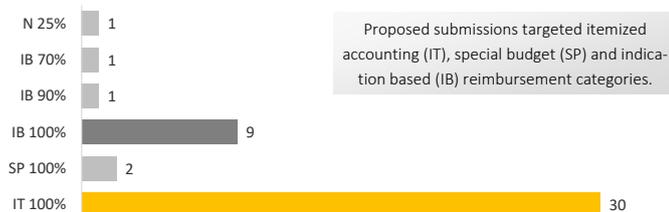
MAT NPP reimbursement of the concerned ATCs and number of submissions by budget²



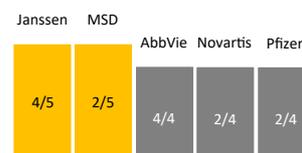
Number of the ongoing submission procedures by ATC5 codes²

ATC5	Name	Brands	SKUs
L01XE	Protein kinase inhibitors	5	9
L01XC	Monoclonal antibodies	4	9
L04AA	Selective immunosuppressants	3	4
C10AX	Other lipid modifying agents	2	3
B02BD	Blood coagulation factors	2	2
L01XX	Other antineoplastic agents	2	2
L04AC	Interleukin inhibitorok	2	2
J05AX	Other direct acting antivirals	1	2
R07AX	Other respiratory system products	1	2
L02BB	Anti-androgens	1	1
L04AB	Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-α) inhibitorok	1	1
L04AX	Other immunosuppressants	1	1
R03AK	Adrenergics in combination with corticosteroids	1	1
J06BB	Specific immunoglobulins	1	1
V10XX	Various therapeutic radiopharmaceuticals	1	1
B01AC	Platelet aggregation inhibitors excl. Heparin	1	1
N05AE	Indole derivatives	1	1
Total		30	43

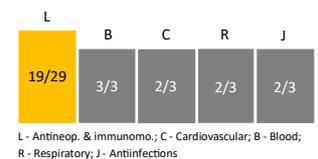
Number of submitted SKUs by requested reimbursement category²



Top 3 applicants by the number of brands and SKUs²



Top 3 ATC main group by the number of brands and SKUs²



Since the change of legislation in 2018, the analysis of a submission's Timeline faces many obstacles. In the lack of public information, it is not clear whether a resubmission has relevant change in content in contrast to the former submission. In order to get realistic results in the Timeline analysis, only those submissions were taken into account where all the needed information (date of the HTA Body "TÉF³" and Technology Appraisal Committee "TÉB⁴" session) is available.

On the Timeline the last TÉB session are shown. However, several TÉB⁴ session may take place till the final decision. According to these submissions,

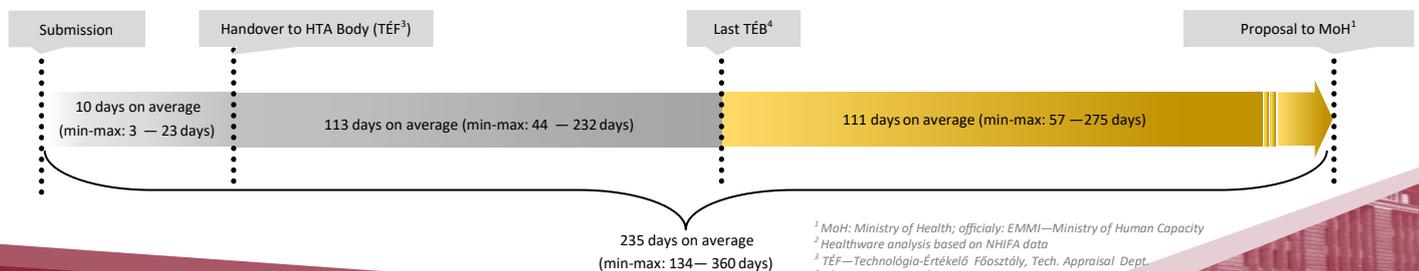
- ◆ average time between (atb) submission and proposal to the TÉF³ is 10 days (min. 3 days, max. 23)
- ◆ atb. the handover to TÉF³ and the TÉB⁴ session takes 113 days (min. 44, max. 232)
- ◆ atb. first and last TÉB⁴ session is 73 days (min. 28, max. 155)
- ◆ atb. last TÉB⁴ session and proposal to MoH¹ is 111 days (min. 57, max. 275)
- ◆ atb. submission and proposal to MoH¹ takes 235 days (min. 134, max. 360)

NHIFA proposes legislation amendment requests intermittently to the Minister responsible for Health Insurance - in line with the TÉB decision -, based on 2006. Act XCIV. [Gyftv.], according to which reimbursement of pharmaceutical applications or alteration of reimbursement conditions of an already reimbursed medicine requires amendment of legislation.

The last time the NHIFA sent a proposal to MoH¹ was more than a year ago, on June 17, 2019. After the proposal, the final decision of reimbursement submissions shall be made by a Committee assigned by Government decree 452/2017. (XII. 27.).

Transparent traceability of submissions of pharmaceuticals lasts from the moment of submission till the NHIFA proposal to the Ministry. Thereafter, public information is not available regarding the decisions until the publication of the bulletin.

With further questions, please [contact us!](#)



¹ MoH: Ministry of Health; officialy: EMMI—Ministry of Human Capacity
² Healthware analysis based on NHIFA data
³ TÉF—Technológia-Értékelő Főosztály, Tech. Appraisal Dept.
⁴ TÉB—Technológia-Értékelő Bizottság, Tech. Appraisal Committee